



*IS1206 Femicide
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WG4

Prevention of femicide

***What we have
reached and are
achieving.
Next steps***

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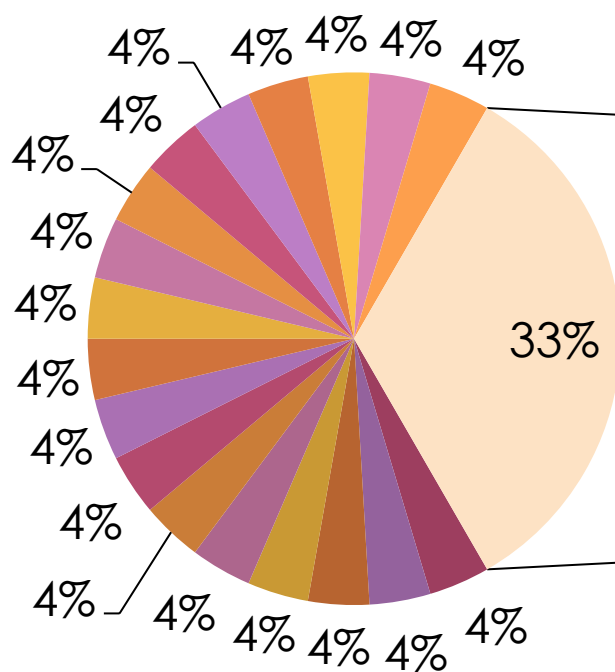
Femicide prevention

- It is about **rebalancing the imbalance of power and control men exercise on women**
- Trying to **rebalance this power** increases women's risk of violence and killing
- Levels are multiple

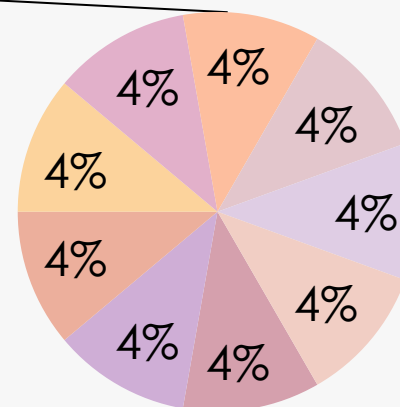
Key areas for prevention of femicide

- Services / shelter - organisation
- Police
- Risk assessment (procedure and approach)
- Data on VAWG
- Judicial provisions
- Other important aspects: media, awareness, education

Countries overview: the good and the bad ones



tot 33,3 %



- IT
- PT
- PL
- ES
- D
- A
- IC
- LT
- MT
- SI
- RO
- BH
- SI
- CR
- N
- DK

Prevention of femicide: an effective approach

- Address those layers that you can address/intervene/change: 'dynamic' risk factors of femicide.
- They change according to the level of prevention
- What are we preventing?

Prevention of femicide

- We have different levels/perspectives about prevention of femicide
- Using a 'health' and criminological approach adopted for femicide:
 - primordial
 - primary
 - secondary
 - tertiary
 - quaternary

LEVELS OF PREVENTION

- **PRIMORDIAL PREVENTION:** changing life styles that are the cultural ground for the emergency of the problem
- **PRIMARY PREVENTION:** Action taken to avoid or remove the cause of a problem in an individual or a population before it arises.
- **SECONDARY PREVENTION:** Action taken to detect a problem (violence) at an early stage in an individual or a population, thereby facilitating wellbeing, or reducing or preventing it recidivism or its long term effects
- **TERTIARY PREVENTION:** Action taken to reduce the extreme effects of a problem (violence) in an individual by minimizing the functional impairment consequences (even killing). Includes treatment of offenders, long term psychotherapy, counseling, legal support.
- **QUATERNARY PREVENTION:** Action taken to identify those dimensions to protect the person from new actions of violence from same or different person, and to monitor the quality of life.

What risk factors:

Mean of killing

Masculine/macho attitudes

Power roles in families and societies and relationships

Prior violence disclosure procedure

Prior criminal record

Men who have nothing to loose too much to loose

End of relationship

Alcohol

Tasks:

- Split into 4 groups of 10/11 persons each
- Develop a 10 bullet-points memorandum according to different roles and tasks assigned, what you are going to do to prevent femicide (with whatever definition you want to use) [rif. WS1]
- Have for each group: a rapporteur, a note-keeper about the discussion
- 30 minutes
- Group 1: prevention lethal violence
- Group 2: prevention of IPV and intimate stalking cases
- Group 3: prevention of 'culturally' oriented femicides
- Group 4: prevention of young woman femicides